Is There Really a Primary Care **PHYSICIAN SHORTAGE?**

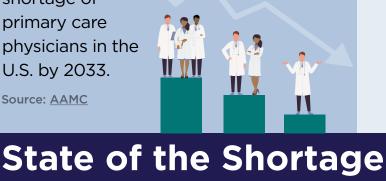
In the decade ahead, the nation's population is getting older and sicker, meaning the need for quality primary care is only growing. Many groups have estimated that the United States is on the cusp of a severe shortage of PCPs. But is the problem really with the numbers or in the way we practice primary care in the first place?

The projected

21.100 - 55.200

shortage of primary care physicians in the U.S. by 2033.

Source: AAMC



The number of non-pediatric primary care physicians estimated to be

190,000

practicing in the U.S. by 2025 — more than enough to care for predicted population growth. Source: HBU

PROJECTION:

By 2030, 34 out of 50 states will have

these states are located in the South and West.

severe physician shortages. Most of



per 100,000 people) are: Mississippi New Mexico

- Louisiana
- Source: Human Resources for Health

extremely difficult to forecast. A 2017 JAMA article states:

HOWEVER:

The determination of physician

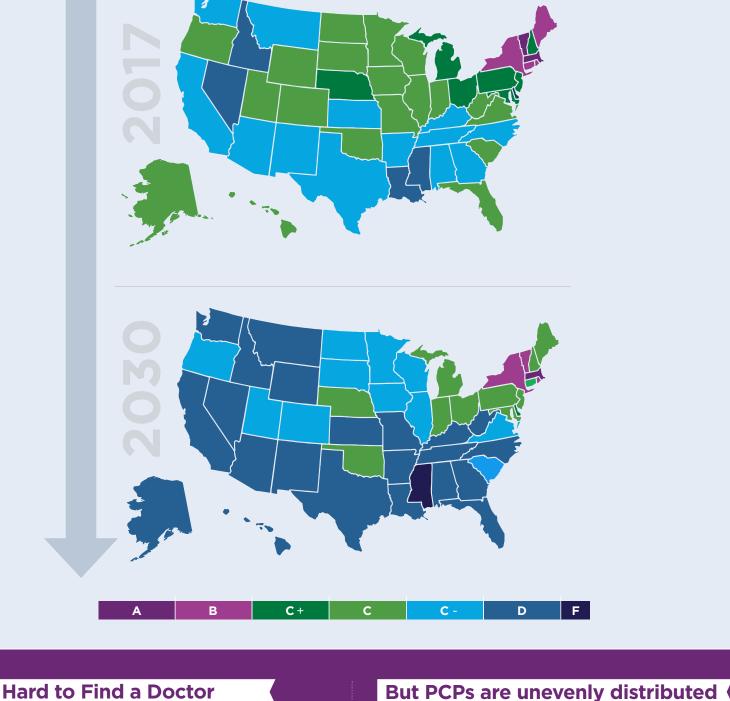
Demand for primary care is

supply is fraught with difficulty. With relative ease, overestimates, underestimates, and miscategorizations occur... Source: JAMA



and these shortages are forecasted to increase through the year 2030.

The results below show that there are currently physician shortages in some states,



In September 2019, 35% of voters said

Source: Public Opinion Strategies

felt by Americans nationwide.

the past two or three years. This is a 10-point jump from when the question was asked in 2015.

Even before the COVID-19 pandemic, physician shortages were already being

Supply and Demand It is certainly true that the U.S. population is graying, placing big demands on the need for physicians who predominantly care for older Americans:

people in rural areas vs. urban areas, respectively. The most pressing they had trouble finding a doctor in problem may not be the overall number

Source: AAFP

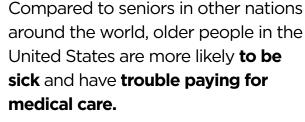
The number of PCPs per 100,000

of PCPs — but that they're unevenly

distributed across the country.

Number of people who

age into Medicare every population who will be day in the U.S. over 65 by 2050.



More than

decade.

Source: AAMC

The graying of the physician workforce will mean more doctors retiring from the field.

currently active physicians will be 65 or older within the next

Choosing Primary Care

THE PROBLEM:

Young physicians

entering the field of medicine are currently





Percentage of U.S.

Older adults with three or more chronic conditions Older adults having problems getting care because of cost THE SOLUTION: Change the practice environment. The challenges which dissuade physicians from choosing primary

not choosing primary care fields:

Source: AAMC

In 2019, **8,116 internal medicine** positions were offered in the U.S. during residency match. Only 45% were filled by seniors pursuing their M.D.s from U.S. medical schools. Source: The Match

shortage?

more control over their work and report less burnout.

SOURCE: Annals of Family Medicine

care can be fixed. PCPs with a

broader scope of practice have

Also see our Rx for Physician Burnout eBook

Is there really a brewing primary care The answer is far more complex than reported — and even sophisticated analyses

must rely on a host of very uncertain assumptions. Whether the United States truly faces a shortage will depend on finding solutions to 6 problems:

UNEVEN GEOGRAPHIC PRACTICE ENVIRONMENTS FINANCIAL INCENTIVES THAT **DISTRIBUTION** THAT LEAD TO BURNOUT



INEFFECTIVE MEDICAL PRACTICES LEADING

SYSTEMS WHICH UNDERPAY FOR PRIMARY CARE



shortage is far from inevitable.



to address each of these problems — and that a future primary care physician



